



DesignNews

Writing Microcontroller Drivers in Rust

DAY 3 : PAC Deep Dive

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THE SPEAKER



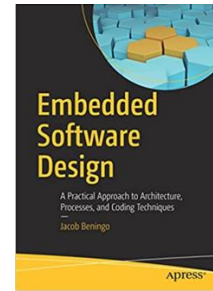
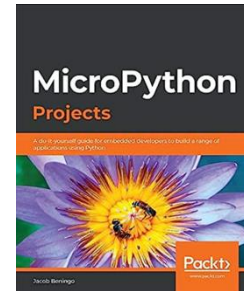
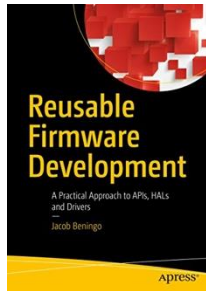
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Beningo Embedded Group – CEO / Founder

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Embedded Rust Blinky Application Example

01

Embedded Rust Blinky Application Example

Hello Blinky!

- Use the peripheral PAC
- Initialize the clock
- Initialize the GPIO connected to an LED
- Loop and toggle the LED

```
src > main.rs > ...
1  #![no_std]
2  #![no_main]
3
4  use panic_halt as _; // you can put a breakpoint on `rust_begin_unwind` to catch panics
5  use cortex_m_rt::entry;
6  use stm32l475_pac as pac;
7  use cortex_m::peripheral::Peripherals;
8
9  ▶ Run | Debug
10 #[entry]
11 fn main() -> ! {
12     let dp: Peripherals = pac::Peripherals::take().unwrap();
13     let mut cp: Peripherals = Peripherals::take().unwrap();
14
15     let rcc: Rcc = dp.rcc;
16
17     // Enable the GPIOB peripheral clock
18     rcc.ahb2enr().modify(|_, w: &mut W<Ahb2enrSpec>| w.gpioben().set_bit());
19
20     // Get the gpio peripherals needed to blink the LED
21     let gpiob: GpioB = dp.gpiob;
22
23     unsafe {
24         gpiob.moder().modify(|_, w: &mut W<ModerSpec>| w.moder14().bits(0b01));
25     }
26
27     loop {
28         gpiob.odr().modify(|_, w: &mut W<OdrSpec>| w.odr14().set_bit());
29         delay(&mut cp.SYST, 80_000);
30
31         gpiob.odr().modify(|_, w: &mut W<OdrSpec>| w.odr14().clear_bit());
32         delay(&mut cp.SYST, 80_000);
33     }
34 }
```


•• Blinky TOML

02

Blinky TOML

```
⚙️ Cargo.toml
1  [package]
2  authors = ["root"]
3  edition = "2018"
4  readme = "README.md"
5  name = "stm32-l4-hello"
6  version = "0.1.0"
7
8  [dependencies]
9  cortex-m = "0.6.0"
10 cortex-m-rt = "0.6.10"
11 cortex-m-semihosting = "0.3.3"
12 panic-halt = "0.2.0"
```

Blinky TOML – Using the Community PAC

```
27 [dependencies.stm32l4]
28 features = ["stm32l4x5"]
29 version = "0.7.1"
30
31 # this lets you use `cargo fix`!
32 [[bin]]
33 name = "stm32-l4-hello"
34 test = false
35 bench = false
36
37 [profile.release]
38 codegen-units = 1 # better optimizations
39 debug = true # symbols are nice and they don't increase the size on Flash
40 lto = true # better optimizations
```


Blinky TOML – Using our PAC

```
⚙️ Cargo.toml
1  [package]
2  authors = ["root"]
3  edition = "2018"
4  readme = "README.md"
5  name = "blinky1"
6  version = "0.1.0"
7
8  [dependencies]
9  cortex-m = { version = "0.7.7", features = ["critical-section-single-core"] }
10 cortex-m-rt = "0.7.3"
11 cortex-m-semihosting = "0.3.3"
12 panic-halt = "0.2.0"
13 stm32u575_pac = { path = "../stm32u575_pac", features = ["rt", "critical-section"] }
```

Audience POLL Question

How do you use your custom pack?

- a) Modify the dependencies in Cargo.toml
- b) In your code module, use the “use” keyword and your PAC
- c) All the above
- d) None of the above

Embedded Rust Blinky Application Example

03

Embedded Rust Blinky Application Example

Accessing Peripheral Structures and Fields

```
let dp: Peripherals = pac::Peripherals::take().unwrap();  
let mut cp: Peripherals = Peripherals::take().unwrap();  
let rcc: Rcc = dp.rcc;
```

Acquire Peripheral Access to Device
(Can only be taken once!)

Holds reference to peripherals available in the PAC.
(Values in dp change, but not dp!)

unwrap extracts the value from 'Option' return by take()
- Peripheral Object
- None

Core peripheral reference. mut so it can be modified later in the code by passing as reference

Ownership of the rcc field in dp is transferred to rcc.

Embedded Rust Blinky Application Example

Enabling GPIOB Clock

```
// Enable the GPIOB peripheral clock  
// ahb2enr1: AHB2 peripehral clock enable register 1  
// bit1: GPIOBEN: IO port B clock enable  
rcc.ahb2enr().modify(|_, w| w.gpioben().set_bit());
```

Instance of Rcc peripheral

Accesses Enable Register

Access bit in ahb2enr that is gpioben

Set the gpioben bit to 1

Takes a closure (an anonymous function) that specifies how the bits in the register should be changed.

- 2 Parameter closure:
- `_` is the current value of the register
 - `w` is a writable proxy to set or clear bits

Embedded Rust Blinky Application Example

Setting GPIOB to Output

MODER is a hardware register!
Direct manipulation of
memory-mapped hardware
is inherently unsafe because:

- No bounds checking
- No data race protection
- Unpredictable side effects

```
unsafe {  
    // GPIO MODER: GPIO port mode register  
    // GPIO modeX: Port x configuration bits (y = 0..15)  
    // 00: Input mode (reset state)  
    // 01: General purpose output mode  
    // 10: Alternate function mode  
    // 11: Analog mode  
    // Set PB14 to output mode  
    gpiob.moder().modify(|_, w| w.moder14().bits(0b01));  
}
```

Access MODER with
a modify operation

Perform bit operation on
mode 14 register bits

Bit pattern to write

Embedded Rust Blinky Application Example

The "main" loop

Most Idiomatic infinite loop

- loop {}
- for _ in 0.. {}
- while true {}

```
loop {  
    gpiob.odr().modify(|_, w| w.odr14().set_bit());  
    delay(&mut cp.SYST, 80_000);  
  
    gpiob.odr().modify(|_, w| w.odr14().clear_bit());  
    delay(&mut cp.SYST, 80_000);  
}
```

Set output data register
for pin 14

Clear output data register
for pin 14

Pass reference to a modifiable cp.SYST

Embedded Rust Blinky Application Example

The Delay Function

```
fn delay(syst: &mut cortex_m::peripheral::SYST, ticks: u32) {  
    syst.set_reload(ticks);  
    syst.clear_current();  
    syst.enable_counter();  
  
    ⚡ while !syst.has_wrapped() {}  
}
```

Loop until timer expires!

Audience POLL Question

What does `_` mean in a closure?

- a) Ignore the parameter
- b) Clear the register
- c) Use the current value of the register
- d) None of the above

•• Next Steps

04

Embedded Rust Docker Container

- https://mailchi.mp/beningo/embedded_rust_docker_container
- Rust Toolchain
- Embedded Tools

Beningo Rust Docker Container



Additional Resources

Please consider the resources below:

- [Jacob's Blogs](#)
- [Jacob's CEC courses](#)
- [Embedded Software Academy](#)
- Embedded Bytes Newsletter
 - <http://bit.ly/1BAHYXm>

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